## Homework assignment, Jan. 30, 2004.

- 1. Find a basis in the space of  $3 \times 2$  matrices  $M_{3 \times 2}$ .
- 2. True or false:
  - (a) Any set containing a zero vector is linearly dependent
  - (b) A basis must contain **0**;
  - (c) subsets of linearly dependent sets are linearly dependent;
  - (d) subsets of linearly independent sets are linearly independent;
  - (e) If  $\alpha_1 \mathbf{v}_1 + \alpha_2 \mathbf{v}_2 + \ldots + \alpha_n \mathbf{v}_n = \mathbf{0}$  then all scalars  $\alpha_k$  are zero;
- 3. Recall, that a matrix is called *symmetric* if  $A^T = A$ . Write down a basis in the space of *symmetric*  $2 \times 2$  matrices (there are many possible answers). How many elements are in the basis?
- 4. Write down a basis for the space of  $3 \times 3$  antisymmetric  $(A^T = -A)$  matrices. How many elements are in this basis?
- 5. (Extra credt) Is it possible that vectors  $\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2, \mathbf{v}_3$  are linearly dependent, but the vectors  $\mathbf{w}_1 = \mathbf{v}_1 + \mathbf{v}_2$ ,  $\mathbf{w}_2 = \mathbf{v}_2 + \mathbf{v}_3$  and  $\mathbf{w}_3 = \mathbf{v}_3 + \mathbf{v}_1$  are linearly *independent*?