

Singular support of coherent sheaves. (on l.c.i.)

① Let  $X$  be an affine complete intersection /  $\mathbb{C}$  char  $k=0$ .  
 (present a tool: as time for apply)  
 $[f_1, \dots, f_n] \Rightarrow X = \text{Spec } A, A = R / (f_1, \dots, f_n). [R = \text{regular algebra}]$   
 $\cap$   
 $S = \text{Spec } R$  - smooth.

Prop If  $(f_i)$  is not a reg. sequence,  $X$  is a dg-scheme.

Key observation: Gulliksen ~74: For any  $A$ -module  $F$  (or any  $F \in D(X)$ ), there are  $\zeta_1, \dots, \zeta_n \in \text{Ext}^2(F, F)$ .  
 [derived cat].

Example:  $A = R / (f)$ . Consider  $i: X \rightarrow S$ . [Easy calculation].  
 given a  $\mathcal{F}$ -sheaf  $F$  on  $X$ ,  
 $L_k^* i^* F = \begin{cases} F, & k=0,1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$

In  $D(X)$

$$F[i] \rightarrow L^* i^* F \rightarrow F \rightarrow \text{given}$$

$$\zeta: F \rightarrow F[2]$$

$$\uparrow$$

$$\text{Ext}^2(F, F)$$

Used by Eisenbud, Avramov - Buchweitz and others.

This gives morphism

$$A[\zeta_1, \dots, \zeta_n] \rightarrow \text{Ext}^*(F, F) = \bigoplus_k \text{Ext}^k(F, F)$$

(deg  $\zeta_i = 2$ )

[ $\zeta_i$ 's commute]

Key Theorem (Gulliksen) Suppose  $F \in D_{\text{coh}}^b(X)$ . Then  $\text{Ext}^*(F, F)$  is finitely generated module over  $A[\zeta_1, \dots, \zeta_n]$ .

[Nice exercise (in Kollar's kind of constructions)]

Key Definition Given  $F \in D_{\text{coh}}^b(X)$ , set  $\text{Sing Supp}(F) = \text{supp}_{A[\zeta_1, \dots, \zeta_n]} \text{Ext}^*(F, F) \subset X \times \mathbb{C}^n$

Due to Avramov-Buchsatz (if  $F$  is f. length), Krause-Iyengar-Benson

is general and more.

Remark In fact:  $A[\zeta_1, \dots, \zeta_n] \rightarrow \text{HK}^*(X) \rightarrow \text{Ext}^*(F, F)$

② As a complex,  $T^*X$  (or  $\mathbb{I}X$ ) is

$$\text{or } \mathcal{O}_X^n \xrightarrow{d} (T^*S)|_X \\ (df_1, \dots, df_n)$$

[naive]  $H^0(T^*X) = \text{coker}(d)$

$$H^{-1}(T^*X) = \ker(d) = \{x, a_1, \dots, a_n \mid \sum a_i df_i(x) = 0\} \subset X \times \mathbb{C}^n$$

Claim For any  $F \in D_{\text{coh}}^b(X)$ ,  $\text{Sing Supp}(F) \subset H^{-1}(T^*X)$ .

$\text{Sing Supp}$  is local <sup>in Zariski top.</sup> and independent of presentation  $A = R/p$ , so makes sense for any l.c.i.  $X$  (could be a stack, too). <sup>(Krause)</sup>

Analogy:

Coherent  $D$ -module  $M$  on smooth  $X \rightarrow \text{conical } \text{Sing Supp}(M) \subset T^*X$   
 $\text{Sing Supp}(M) \cap \{0 \text{ section}\} = \text{Supp } M$ ,  
 $\text{Sing Supp}(M) - \{0 \text{ section}\}$  tells that  $M$  is not a local system

Coherent sheaf  $F$  on l.c.i.  $X \rightarrow \text{Sing Supp}(F) = \mathbb{H}^{+1}(T^*X)$ ,  
 $\text{Sing Supp}(F) \cap \{0\}\text{-section} = \text{Supp } F$

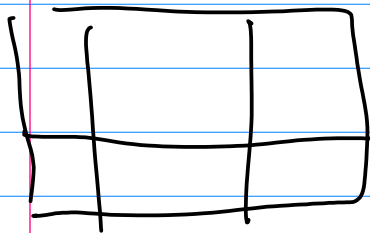
(infinite Tor-dimension)

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Sing Supp}(F) - \{0\}\text{-section} \\ \text{tells that } F \text{ is not perfect} \end{array} \right.$

Example  $X = \text{Spec } R/\mathfrak{f} = \text{singular hypersurface}$ .

$$\mathbb{H}^{-1} T^*X = (X \times \{0\}) \cup (\text{Sing } X) \times \mathbb{C} \subset X \times \mathbb{C}$$

zero section



$$\text{Sing Supp}(F) = (\text{Supp } F \times \{0\}) \cup \left( \begin{array}{l} \text{non-perfect} \\ \text{locus of } F \end{array} \right) \times \mathbb{C}$$

Remark  $\text{Sing Supp}(F) - \{0\}\text{-section}$  is defined on category of singularities of  $X$ ; Orlov's Thms give an equivalent construction.

③ Ind-coherent sheaves [Can't deal with coherent sheaves] all the time  
 $X \mapsto \text{Ind Coh}(X) \supset D(X)$

Def:

① Krause:  $\text{Ind Coh}(X) = \{ \text{complexes of inj. modules} \} / \text{homotopy}$

② Positselski:  $\text{Ind Coh}(X) = \text{coderived category}$

③  $\text{Ind Coh}(X) = \text{Ind completion of DG-category } D_{\text{coh}}^b(X)$

$\text{Ind Coh}(X)$  is compactly generated by  $D_{\text{coh}}^b(X)$   
 $D(X)$  is compactly generated by Perfect complexes

Standard game: Given  $F \in \text{IndCoh}(X)$ , consider  $G \in \mathcal{D}_{\text{coh}}^b(X) \subset \text{IndCoh}(X)$ , and adjoint operators

$$\begin{array}{c} \zeta_i \\ \downarrow \\ \text{Hom}(G, F) \\ \text{IndCoh}(X) \end{array}$$

We say that  $\text{SingSupp}(F) = \bigcup_{\Delta[\zeta_1, \dots, \zeta_n]} \text{Hom}(G, F)$

It is a

conical subset of  $H^{-1}T^*X$ .

④ Why?

Classical:  $X \mapsto D(X)$ ;  $f: X_1 \rightarrow X_2$  gives  $f_*, f^*$ .

Alternative:  $X \mapsto \text{IndCoh}(X)$ ;  $f: X_1 \rightarrow X_2$  gives  $f_*, f^!$ .

Variations: For any conical  $Y \subset H^{-1}T^*X$ ,

$X \mapsto \text{IndCoh}_Y(X) = \{F \in \text{IndCoh}(X) \mid \text{SingSupp}(F) \subset Y\}$   
functorial in natural way.

Appears in FM of singular varieties.

Motivating example

(Conjectural) Langlands transform: kind of Laman-Rothstein

$D\text{-mod on Bun} \longleftrightarrow O\text{-mod on LocSys}$

Inconsistent.

Fact (A. Gaitsgory) Becomes consistent if RHS is  $\text{IndCoh}_{\mathcal{X}}(\text{LocSys})$  for chosen  $\mathcal{X} = \text{nilp cone}$ .  
↑  
singular; l.c.i