## ERRATA FOR "A SHARP CONDITION FOR SCATTERING OF THE RADIAL 3D CUBIC NONLINEAR SCHRÖDINGER EQUATION"

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ABSTRACT. We correct a mistake with the Strichartz estimates in our CMP paper. We thank Cristi Guevara and Fernando Carreon for pointing out this mistake.

 $(\frac{5}{3}, 10)$  is not an  $L^2$  admissible Strichartz pair. Thus, our article needs straightforward modification in the following places.

0.1. Modifications to the proof of Prop. 2.1. Starting with the line "Applying the Strichartz ..." replace by the following: Applying the Strichartz estimates, we obtain

$$\|D^{1/2}\Phi_{u_0}(v)\|_{S(L^2)} \le c\|u_0\|_{\dot{H}^{1/2}} + c\|D^{1/2}(|v|^2v)\|_{L^{10/7}_tL^{10/7}_x}$$

and

$$\|\Phi_{u_0}(v)\|_{S(\dot{H}^{1/2})} \le \|e^{it\Delta}u_0\|_{S(\dot{H}^{1/2})} + c\|D^{1/2}(|v|^2v)\|_{L^{10/7}_tL^{10/7}_x}.$$

Applying the fractional Leibnitz [18] and Hölder inequalities,

$$\|D^{1/2}(|v|^2 v)\|_{L_t^{10/7} L_x^{10/7}} \le \|v\|_{L_t^5 L_x^5}^2 \|D^{1/2} v\|_{L_t^{10/3} L_x^{10/3}} \le \|v\|_{S(\dot{H}^{1/2})}^2 \|D^{1/2} v\|_{S(L^2)}.$$

The remainder of the proof is the same.

0.2. Modifications to the proof of Prop. 2.2. At the beginning of the proof, insert the following lines:

Let  $M = ||u||_{L_t^5 L_x^5} < \infty$ . We claim that  $||\langle \nabla \rangle u||_{S(L^2)} \leq BM^5$ , where  $\langle \nabla \rangle = (I - \Delta)^{1/2}$ . Decompose  $[0, +\infty) = \bigcup_{j=1}^{\tilde{M}} I_j$ , where  $\tilde{M} \sim M^5$ , and for each j,  $||u||_{L_{I_j}^5 L_x^5} \leq \delta$ . Applying  $\langle \nabla \rangle$  to the integral equation on  $I_j$  and then applying the Strichartz estimates, we obtain

$$\begin{aligned} \|\langle \nabla \rangle u\|_{S(L^{2};I_{j})} &\leq B + \|u^{2} \langle \nabla \rangle u\|_{L^{10/7}_{I_{j}} L^{10/7}_{x}} \\ &\leq B + \|u\|^{2}_{L^{5}_{I_{j}} L^{5}_{x}} \|\langle \nabla \rangle u\|_{L^{10/3}_{I_{j}} L^{10/3}_{x}} \\ &\leq B + \delta^{2} \|\langle \nabla \rangle u\|_{S(L^{2};I_{j})} \end{aligned}$$

From this we conclude

$$\|\langle \nabla \rangle u\|_{S(L^2;I_j)} \le 2B$$

and by summing over the  $\tilde{M}$  intervals, we conclude the proof of the claim.

After the definition of  $\phi_+$ , replace the rest of the proof with the following: We first show that  $\phi_+ \in H^1$ . Indeed, by the Strichartz estimates and the definition of  $\phi_+$ ,

$$\begin{split} \|\phi_{+}\|_{H^{1}} &\leq \|u_{0}\|_{H^{1}} + \|u^{2}\langle \nabla \rangle u\|_{L^{10/7}_{[0,+\infty)}L^{10/7}_{x}} \\ &\leq \|u_{0}\|_{H^{1}} + \|u\|_{L^{5}_{[0,+\infty)}L^{5}_{x}}^{2} \|\langle \nabla \rangle u\|_{L^{10/3}_{[0,+\infty)}}L^{10/3}_{x} \\ &\lesssim B + BM^{7} \end{split}$$

Applying the Strichartz estimates to (2.3),

$$\begin{aligned} \|u(t) - e^{it\Delta}\phi_{+}\|_{H^{1}} &\leq c \|u^{2}\langle \nabla \rangle u\|_{L^{10/7}_{[t,+\infty)}L^{10/7}_{x}} \\ &\leq \|u\|^{2}_{L^{5}_{[t,+\infty)}L^{5}_{x}} \|\langle \nabla \rangle u\|_{L^{10/3}_{[t,+\infty)}L^{10/3}_{x}} \end{aligned}$$

and the right side  $\rightarrow 0$  as  $t \rightarrow +\infty$ .

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